(2) Section 39 of this act shall take effect July 1, 1990.

Passed the House April 22, 1989.

Passed the Senate April 22, 1989.

Approved by the Governor May 12, 1989, with the exception of certain items which were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 12, 1989.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

*I am returning herewith, without my approval as to section 38, Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1635 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to support enforcement."

This bill was submitted at the request of the Department of Social and Health Services to clarify and strengthen support enforcement procedures.

Section 38 was amended to create a process for petitioning courts to require an accounting of support payment expenditures. Although the procedural requirements of this section are intended to protect receiving parents from frivolous charges and harassment, I believe the result of these changes could encourage an increase in such behavior.

Accountings can be required under section 15 of this Act which amends RCW 26.23.050. It allows Superior Court support orders to state that a receiving parent may be required to submit an accounting of support payment expenditures. This language allows the court to order an accounting without the potential for harassment contained in section 38.

With the exception of section 38, Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1635 is approved."

CHAPTER 361

[Senate Bill No. 5246]

DEEDS OF TRUST—JUNIOR LIENS PRESERVED ABSENT NOTICE

AN ACT Relating to deeds of trust; and amending RCW 61.24.040.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. Section 4, chapter 74, Laws of 1965 as last amended by section 3, chapter 352, Laws of 1987 and RCW 61.24.040 are each amended to read as follows:

A deed of trust foreclosed under this chapter shall be foreclosed as follows:

- (1) At least ninety days before the sale, the trustee shall:
- (a) Record a notice in the form described in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f) in the office of the auditor in each county in which the deed of trust is recorded;
- (b) If their addresses are stated in a recorded instrument evidencing their interest, lien, or claim of lien, or an amendment thereto, or are otherwise known to the trustee, cause a copy of the notice of sale described in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f) to be transmitted by both first class and either certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the following persons or their legal representatives, if any, at such address:

- (i) The grantor or the grantor's successor in interest;
- (ii) The beneficiary of any deed of trust or mortgagee of any mortgage, or any person who has a lien or claim of lien against the property, that was recorded subsequent to the recordation of the deed of trust being foreclosed and before the recordation of the notice of sale;
- (iii) The vendee in any real estate contract, the lessee in any lease or the holder of any conveyances of any interest or estate in any portion or all of the property described in such notice, if that contract, lease, or conveyance of such interest or estate, or a memorandum or other notice thereof, was recorded after the recordation of the deed of trust being foreclosed and before the recordation of the notice of sale;
- (iv) The last holder of record of any other lien against or interest in the property that is subject to a subordination to the deed of trust being fore-closed that was recorded before the recordation of the notice of sale; and
- (v) The last holder of record of the lien of any judgment subordinate to the deed of trust being foreclosed;
- (c) Cause a copy of the notice of sale described in RCW £1.24.040(1)(f) to be transmitted by both first class and either certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney of record, in any court action to foreclose a lien or other encumbrance on all or any part of the property, provided a court action is pending and a lis pendens in connection therewith is recorded in the office of the auditor of any county in which all or part of the property is located on the date the notice is recorded;
- (d) Cause a copy of the notice of sale described in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f) to be transmitted by both first class and either certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to any person who has recorded a request for notice in accordance with RCW 61.24.045, at the address specified in such person's most recently recorded request for notice;
- (e) Cause a copy of the notice of sale described in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f) to be posted in a conspicuous place on the property, or in lieu of posting, cause a copy of said notice to be served upon any occupant of the property;
 - (f) The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

NOTICE OF TRUSTEE'S SALE

1.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned Trustee will on the
day of, 19, at the hour of o'clock M. at
[street address and location if inside a building] in the City of
State of Washington, sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder,
payable at the time of sale, the following described real property, situated in

the County(ies) of State of Washington, to-wit:

which is subject to that certain Deed of Trust dated, 19, recorded, 19, under Auditor's File No, records of County, Washington, from, as Grantor, to, as Trustee, to secure an obligation in favor of, as Beneficiary, the beneficial interest in which was assigned by, under an Assignment recorded under Auditor's File No [Include recording information for all counties if the Deed of Trust is recorded in more than one county.]
11.
No action commenced by the Beneficiary of the Deed of Trust or the Beneficiary's successor is now pending to seek satisfaction of the obligation in any Court by reason of the Grantor's default on the obligation secured by the Deed of Trust.
III.
The default(s) for which this foreclosure is made is/are as follows:
[If default is for other than payment of money, set forth the par-

Failure to pay when due the following amounts which are now in arrears:

ticulars]

IV.

The sum owing on the obligation secured by the Deed of Trust is: Principal \$....., together with interest as provided in the note or other instrument secured from the day of, 19.., and such other costs and fees as are due under the note or other instrument secured, and as are provided by statute.

٧.

vice or posting.

......, 19... (11 days before the sale date), to cause a discontinuance of the sale. The sale will be discontinued and terminated if at any time on or before the day of, 19.., (11 days before the sale date), the default(s) as set forth in paragraph III is/are cured and the Trustee's fees and costs are paid. The sale may be terminated any time after the day of, 19.. (11 days before the sale date), and before the sale by the Grantor or the Grantor's successor in interest or the holder of any recorded junior lien or encumbrance paying the entire principal and interest secured by the Deed of Trust, plus costs, fees, and advances, if any, made pursuant to the terms of the obligation and/or Deed of Trust, and curing all other defaults.

VI.

A written notice of default was transmitted by the Beneficiary or Trustee to the Grantor or the Grantor's successor in interest at the following address:

by both first class and certified mail on the day of, 19.., proof of which is in the possession of the Trustee; and the Grantor or the Grantor's successor in interest was personally served on the day of, 19.., with said written notice of default or the written notice of default was posted in a conspicuous place on the real property described

VII.

in paragraph I above, and the Trustee has possession of proof of such ser-

The Trustee whose name and address are set forth below will provide in writing to anyone requesting it, a statement of all costs and fees due at any time prior to the sale.

VIII.

The effect of the sale will be to deprive the Grantor and all those who hold by, through or under the Grantor of all their interest in the above-described property.

IX.

Anyone having any objection to the sale on any grounds whatsoever will be afforded an opportunity to be heard as to those objections if they bring a lawsuit to restrain the sale pursuant to RCW 61.24.130. Failure to bring such a lawsuit may result in a waiver of any proper grounds for invalidating the Trustee's sale.

Undividual or corp	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
•	_	_
interest the notice shall include with the grantor's success	of sale described in lathe copy of the notice	antor or the grantor's successor in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f), the trusted which is mailed to the grantor or ement to the grantor or the grant-the following form:
Purs	NOTICE OF FOR suant to the Revised C Chapter 61.24	ode of Washington,
the obligation to . owner of the obliga your property will 19 To cure the de other defaults, and attorneys' fees as s	tion secured thereby. be sold at auction of efault(s), you must bripay accrued late charet forth below by the	le is a consequence of default(s) in ficiary of your Deed of Trust and Unless the default(s) is/are cured in the day of
	Currently due to reinstate on	Estimated amount that will be due to reinstate on (11 days before the date set for sale)
Delinquent paymen from, 19, in the amount of \$/mo.:	ts \$	\$
Late charges in the total amount of:	\$	\$

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		Estimated Amounts	
Attorneys' fees:	\$	\$	
Trustee's fee:	\$	\$	
Trustee's expenses: (Itemization)			
Title report	\$	\$	
Recording fees Service/Posting	\$	\$	
of Notices Postage/Copying	\$	\$	
expense	\$	\$	
Publication Telephone	\$	\$	
charges	\$	\$	
Inspection fees	\$	\$	
	\$	\$	
	\$	\$	

TOTALS

As to the defaults which do not involve payment of money to the Beneficiary of your Deed of Trust, you must cure each such default. Listed below are the defaults which do not involve payment of money to the Beneficiary of your Deed of Trust. Opposite each such listed default is a brief description of the action necessary to cure the default and a description of the documentation necessary to show that the default has been cured.

Default	Description of Action Required to Cure and Documentation Necessary to Show Cure		

You may reinstate your Deed of Trust and the obligation secured thereby at any time up to and including the day of, 19.. (11 days before the sale date), by paying the amount set forth or estimated above and by curing any other defaults described above. Of course, as time passes other payments may become due, and any further payments coming due and any additional late charges must be added to your reinstating payment. Any new defaults not involving payment of money that occur after

the date of this notice must also be cured in order to effect reinstatement. In addition, because some of the charges can only be estimated at this time, and because the amount necessary to reinstate may include presently unknown expenditures required to preserve the property or to comply with state or local law, it will be necessary for you to contact the Trustee before the time you tender reinstatement so that you may be advised of the exact amount you will be required to pay. Tender of payment or performance must be made to:, whose address is, telephone () AFTER THE DAY OF , 19 . . , YOU MAY NOT REINSTATE YOUR DEED OF TRUST BY PAYING THE BACK PAYMENTS AND COSTS AND FEES AND CURING THE OTHER DEFAULTS AS OUTLINED ABOVE. In such a case, you will only be able to stop the sale by paying, before the sale, the total principal balance (\$.....) plus accrued interest, costs and advances, if any, made pursuant to the terms of the documents and by curing the other defaults as outlined above.

You may contest this default by initiating court action in the Superior Court of the county in which the sale is to be held. In such action, you may raise any legitimate defenses you have to this default. A copy of your Deed of Trust and documents evidencing the obligation secured thereby are enclosed. You may wish to consult a lawyer. Legal action on your part may prevent or restrain the sale, but only if you persuade the court of the merits of your defense.

If you do not reinstate the secured obligation and your Deed of Trust in the manner set forth above, or if you do not succeed in restraining the sale by court action, your property will be sold to satisfy the obligations secured by your Deed of Trust. The effect of such sale will be to deprive you and all those who hold by, through or under you of all interest in the property;

- (3) In addition, the trustee shall cause a copy of the notice of sale described in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f) (excluding the acknowledgment) to be published in a legal newspaper in each county in which the property or any part thereof is situated, once on or between the thirty-second and twenty-eighth day before the date of sale, and once on or between the eleventh and seventh day before the date of sale;
- (4) On the date and at the time designated in the notice of sale, the trustee or its authorized agent shall sell the property at public auction to the highest bidder. The trustee may sell the property in gross or in parcels as the trustee shall deem most advantageous;
- (5) The place of sale shall be at any designated public place within the county where the property is located and if the property is in more than one county, the sale may be in any of the counties where the property is located. The sale shall be on Friday, or if Friday is a legal holiday on the following

Monday, and during the hours set by statute for the conduct of sales of real estate at execution:

- (6) The trustee may for any cause the trustee deems advantageous, continue the sale for a period or periods not exceeding a total of one hundred twenty days by a public proclamation at the time and place fixed for sale in the notice of sale or, alternatively, by giving notice of the time and place of the postponed sale in the manner and to the persons specified in RCW 61.24.040(1) (b), (c), (d), and (e) and publishing a copy of such notice once in the newspaper(s) described in RCW 61.24.040(3), more than seven days before the date fixed for sale in the notice of sale. No other notice of the postponed sale need be given;
- (7) The purchaser shall forthwith pay the price bid and on payment the trustee shall execute to the purchaser its deed; the deed shall recite the facts showing that the sale was conducted in compliance with all of the requirements of this chapter and of the deed of trust, which recital shall be prima facie evidence of such compliance and conclusive evidence thereof in favor of bona fide purchasers and encumbrancers for value, except that these recitals shall not affect the lien or interest of any person entitled to notice under RCW 61.24.040(1), if the trustee fails to give the required notice to such person. In such case, the lien or interest of such omitted person shall not be affected by the sale and such omitted person shall be treated as if such person was the holder of the same lien or interest and was omitted as a party defendant in a judicial foreclosure proceeding;
- (8) The sale as authorized under this chapter shall not take place less than one hundred ninety days from the date of default in any of the obligations secured.

Passed the Senate February 10, 1989.

Passed the House April 13, 1989.

Approved by the Governor May 12, 1989.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 12, 1989.

CHAPTER 362

[Substitute House Bill No. 1569]
FOREST FIRE PROTECTION COSTS—FUNDING

AN ACT Relating to forest protection; amending RCW 76.04.610 and 76.04.630; and adding a new section to chapter 43.88 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- Sec. 1. Section 35, chapter 100, Laws of 1986 as amended by section 3, chapter 273, Laws of 1988 and RCW 76.04.610 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) If any owner of forest land within a forest protection zone, or any owner of forest land located where fire protection responsibility has not been